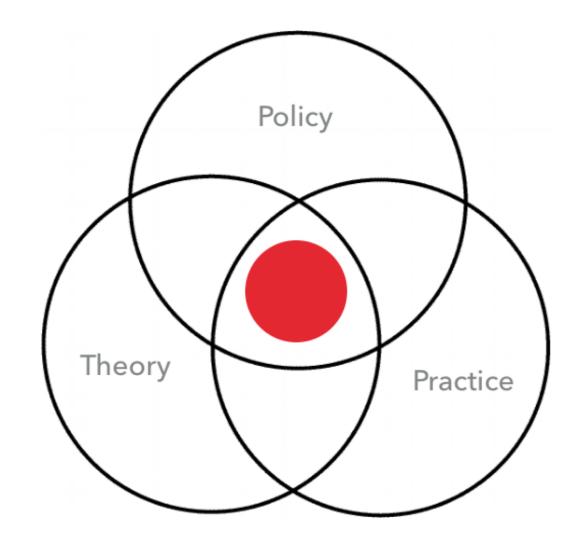
Refugee Issues in Southeast Asia: Narrowing the Gaps between Theory, Policy, and Reality

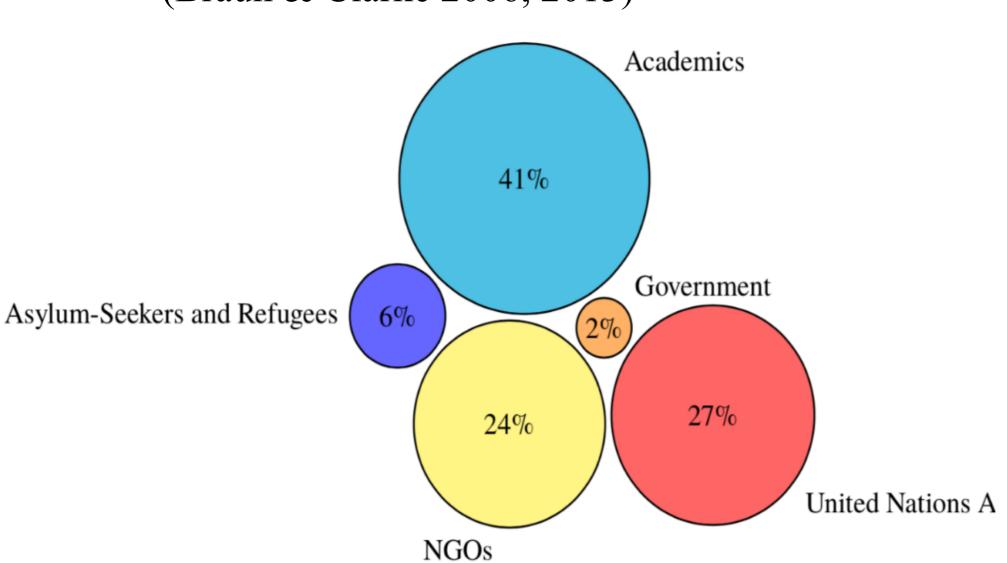
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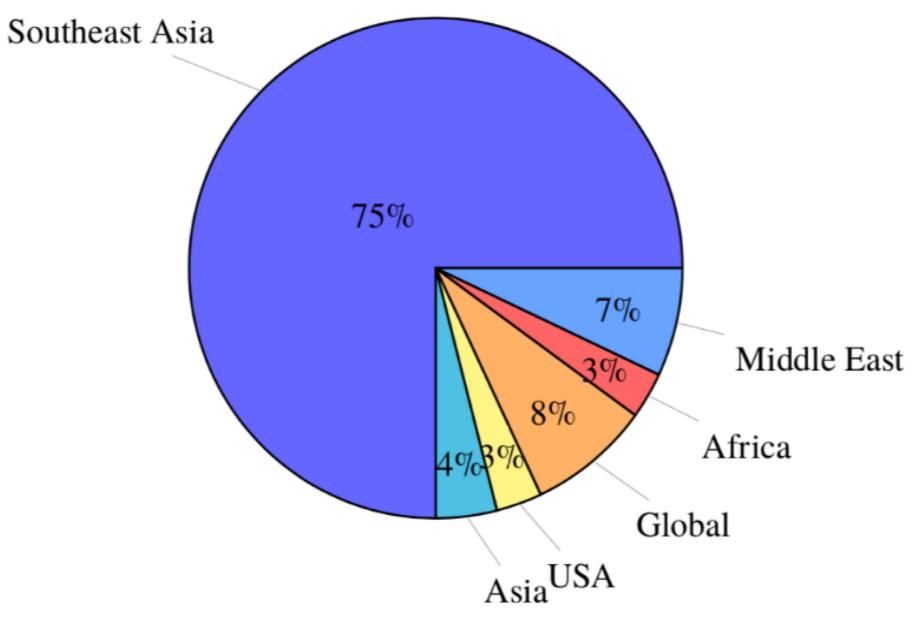
Motivation

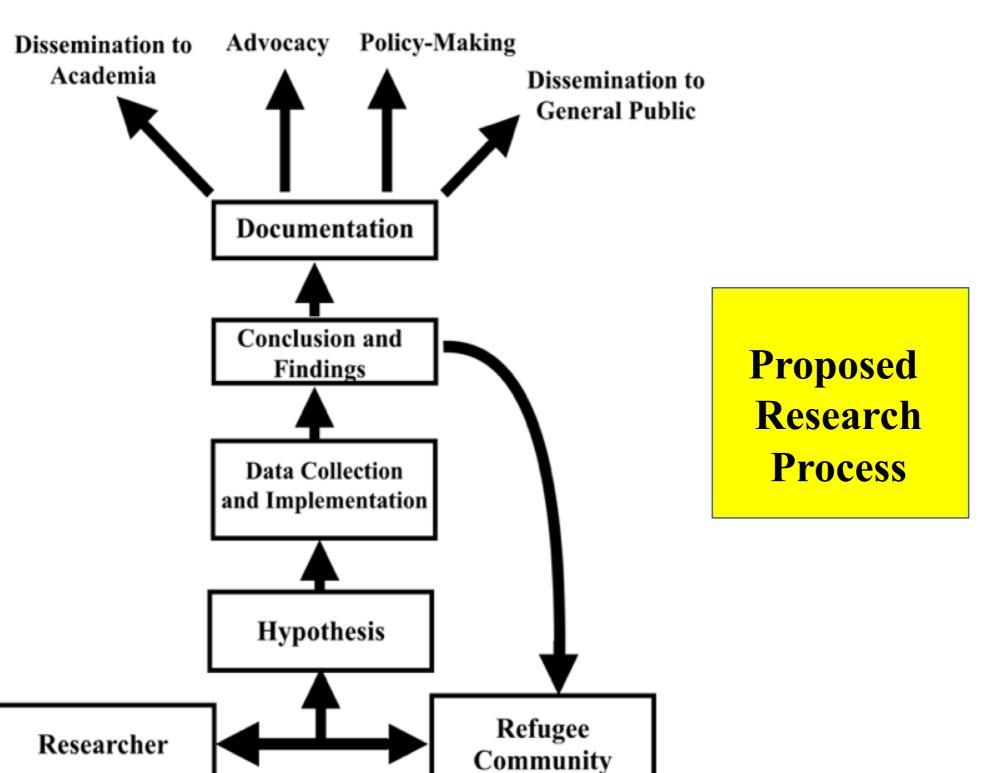


Methodology

Open-ended survey, n=60, thematic analysis (Braun & Clarke 2006, 2013)







Findings on Refugees and Asylum-Seekers in Southeast Asia

Most Pressing Issues

Perspectives	Subcategories	Implications
No legal protection or recognition	 Unsafe living conditions Constant fear of immigration and police Arrests and detentions No freedom of movement within the host country Lack of clarity and understanding surrounding resettlement process Difficulty obtaining UN documentation 	 Difficult to access legal representation Children are detained by immigration authorities Cannot access social protection Face both societal and economic integration issues
No legal right to work	 Poverty Labor exploitation and forced labor Lack of financial freedom Need for support for entrepreneurship ventures 	 Homelessness as a result of having no income Child beggars Lack of financial freedom
No access to affordable healthcare	Lack of support for physical and mental health needs	 Female victims of gender-based violence cannot access public healthcare safely and affordably Workers cannot seek medical care for workplace injuries
No access to formal education	 Low levels of host country language skills and literacy amongst certain refugee groups Perpetuation of the cycle of poverty through the systematic exclusion of children from formal schooling 	 High dropout rates from community-based schools Untrained or poorly trained teachers
Frictions with members of host country	 Lack of cultural and social integration Lack of public awareness and empathy for refugees Trade-off between own cultural retention and host country's culture 	 Refugee voices are not heard or considered in public discourse No cultural orientation to situate refugees within the host country once they first arrive

Important but Understudied Issues

Perspectives	Subcategories	Examples
 Mechanisms to improve public cognizance and social integration of refugees into their host countries 	 The need to expose host country citizens to the refugee community and its plights to eliminate ignorance-based discrimination Encouraging refugee empowerment and public depictions of personhood 	 Educate the public highlighting similarities between disadvantage host country groups and refugees Engage refugees as partners Create public platforms for refugees to tell their stories Conduct cultural orientations for newly-arrived refugees
The costs of economic disenfranchisement and legal exclusion	 Difficulties in obtaining lawful and safe employment Insufficient household income causing perpetual cycles of poverty 	 Refugees not matched to jobs that an appropriate to their skills Homelessness Labor exploitation and forced labor
Issues faced by vulnerable subgroups of the refugee population	 Urgent need to implement early interventions in the refugee community to address issues surrounding women, children, LGBTQ individuals, and the disabled Create sustainable income streams for females 	begging
Preventative healthcare measures	 The importance of mental health interventions Need for health insurance to improve access to healthcare Family planning consultations and sex education for teenagers and adults 	trauma
• Support for refugee education	Improve access and quality of education for refugees	Develop the skills of teachers refugee learning centres



