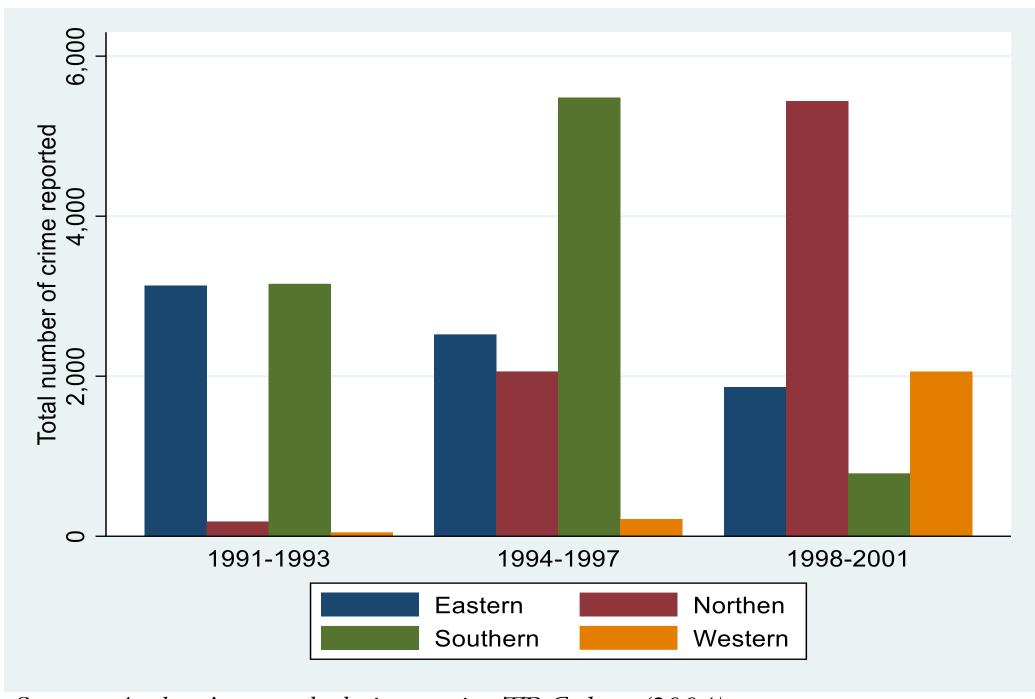
Not Exposed But Affected: Intergenerational Impact of Civil Conflict on Child Labor Outcomes in Sierra Leone

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Intensity of violence 1991 - 2001

Figure 1: Variation of conflict intensity across regions, chiefdoms and key periods of time



Source: Authors' own calculations, using TRC data (2004)

Intensity of violence 1991-92 Intensity of violence 1993-94 Intensity of violence 1995-96 Intensity of violence 1997-98 Intensity of violence 1999-2001

Sociodemographic characteristics: %	Boys/Men	Girls/Women
Children aged below 15: No education	52.25	47.75
Primary education	49.37	50.63
Labor market participation (LMP)	55.50	44.50
Paid apprentice	75.81	24.19
Parents: No educated	47.5	52.5

Treatment group: children aged below 15, whose parents were living in Sierra Leone most affected chiefdoms from 1991 to 2001

Control group: same: children whose parents were living in in Sierra Leone less affected chiefdoms from 1991 to 2001

Table 1: Impacts of parents' exposure to conflict during the childhood on their children labor market outcomes

VARIABLES	(1)	(2)	(3)	(1)	(2)	(3)
Parents exposure to the conflict during primary school age, [6-11] years	0.0003 *	-5.381***	0.017***	-0.0005	-5.344***	0.005***
	(0.0002)	(0.281)	(0.0007)	(0.0005)	(0.575)	(0.001)
Socio demographic and household characteristic controls	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Pre-war characteristics controls	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Migration controls	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Chiefdoms FE	No	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
Time FE	No	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
R squared	0.013	0.029	0.170	/	/	/
Intercept	0.995***	31.674***	0.314***	1.007***	49.516	0.475**
	(0.003)	(3.583)	(0.026)	(0.0115)	(134.084)	(0.227)
Observations	1,231	1,225	4,071	1,225	1,219	4,071

Source: Authors' own calculations, using SLIHS (2018, 2011), TRC (2004); (1) LMP, (2) Hours worked, (3) Number of children aged [5; 15] years who work, Robust standard errors in parentheses; ***p<0.01, **p<0.05, *p<0.1

- ✓ Results: Conflict positively linked to child LMP & the number of children who work within the household (found by Di Maio & Nandi, 2013 in West Bank; Kofol & Ciarli, 2017 in Afghanistan).
- ✓ Hypothesis not rejected => Added worker effect.

Policy implications:

Expand mandatory free education to JSS (Indonesia and South Africa) to increase the children entry age on the labor market.

Further studies: assess longterm impacts of the conflict on labor market outcomes of adults